

Workbook



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Questions:

In each of the following functions find the critical points and classify them as maximum, minimum or saddle.

1) $f(x, y) = 8x^3 + 12xy + 3y^2 - 18x$

2) $f(x, y) = x^3 + y^3 - 3x - 12y + 20$

3) $f(x, y) = x^3 + y^3 - 3xy + 4$

4) $f(x, y) = 3x - x^3 - 2y^2 + y^4$

5) $f(x, y) = e^{4y-x^2-y^2}$

6) $f(x, y) = y\sqrt{x} - y^2 - x + 6y$

7) $f(x, y) = \frac{x^2y^2 - 8x + y}{xy}$

8) $f(x, y) = e^x \cos y$

9) Given the surface $z = x^3 + y^3 - 3xy + 4$, find the equations of its tangent planes which are horizontal.

10) From all the open boxes whose volume is 32cm^3 , compute the dimensions of the one with least surface area.

11) Find the shortest distance from the point $(1, 2, 3)$ to the plane $-2x - 2y + z = 0$, and the point on the plane closest to the above point.

12) A manufacturer sells calculators in China and in the USA.

The production cost of a calculator is \$6 in China and \$8 in the USA.

The marketing manager estimates the demands Q_1 and Q_2 for calculators in China and the USA, respectively, as: $Q_1 = 119 - 30P_1 + 20P_2$, $Q_2 = 144 + 16P_1 - 24P_2$

P_1 and P_2 are the sale prices of a calculator in China and in the USA, respectively.

What should P_1 and P_2 be, in order to maximize the profit? What is the profit?

Answer Key:

- 1) $(-0.5, 1)$ Saddle; $(1.5, -3)$ Minimum
- 2) $(1, 2)$ Minimum; $(-1, -2)$ Maximum ; $(-1, 2)$, $(1, -2)$ Saddle
- 3) $(0, 0)$ Saddle ; $(1, 1)$ Minimum
- 4) $(-1, 1)$, $(-1, -1)$ Minimum ; $(1, 0)$ Maximum ; $(-1, 0)$, $(1, 1)$, $(1, -1)$ Saddle
- 5) $(0, 2)$ Maximum
- 6) $(4, 4)$ Maximum
- 7) $(-0.5, 4)$ Maximum
- 8) No critical points
- 9) $z = 3$, $z = 4$
- 10) Width - 4cm ; Length - 4cm ; Height - 2cm
- 11) Minimum distance 1 unit, closest point $\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{10}{3}\right)$
- 12) $P_1 = \$10$, $P_2 = \$12$, maximum profit \$288.